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GREENCASTLE, INDIANA, THURSDAY, APRIL 26, 1894.

TEN CENTS PER WEEK. NO. 148

THEIR TICKET NAMED.

Republicans In Continuous Session
For Over Nineteen Hours.

NOMINEES AND PLATFORM.

Ex-Congressman Owen Heads and Ketcham of Marion Chosen For Attorney General—Daily, Sholz, Hess and Geeting Among the Other Successful Aspirants. Details of the Contests.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 26.—The Republican state convention began business at 9 o'clock yesterday morning. It did not get under way until after 3 o'clock this morning—the session being continuous. Delegates stuck closely to their task, and it was not until midnight that a thinning out of delegates was noticed. It was a matter of comment that men stood the labor for such long hours. Confusion increased as time wore on, and it was with great difficulty that the calls were proceeded with in the closing hours. The complete ticket is as follows:

Secretary of State—Owen of Cass.
Auditor—Dailey of Boone.
Treasurer—Scholz of Vanderburg.
Attorney General—Ketcham of Marion.
Clerk Supreme Court—Hess of Wabash.
Superintendent Public Instruction—Geeting of Madison.
Statistician—Thompson of Shelby.
Geologist—Blatchley of Vigo.
Judge Supreme Court (First district)—Jordan of Morgan.
Second District—Monks of Winchester.

HARRISON APPEARS.

Greeted With Great Cheers When He Entered the Hall.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 26.—Just as Colonel Thompson concluded his address in the Republican state convention yesterday ex-President Harrison entered by the stage door. He was greeted by cheers which were long continued, the entire assembly rising and waving handkerchiefs and hats. When order had been restored he spoke briefly, giving great attention to the tariff and finance, but the sentence which brought forth most cheers was that in which he said: "At some time during the campaign which so auspiciously opens today, if it be the pleasure of my fellow citizens, I shall hold myself at their service for a fuller discussion." After this address was concluded this platform in full was adopted without dissent.

The Platform.

The administration of President Harrison and the congressional legislation of that period were wise, pure and patriotic, and we point to the marked contrast between the home and foreign policies of that administration and the present travesty on government imposed upon the American people.

We believe in a currency composed of gold, silver and paper, readily convertible at a fixed standard of value and entirely under national control; and we favor the imposition of increased tariff duties upon the imports from all foreign countries, which oppose the coinage of silver upon a basis to be determined by an international congress for such purpose. We denounce the avowed purpose of the Democratic party to restore the era of "wild-cat" money.

We believe in a liberal construction of our pension laws, and we condemn the unjust policy of the present administration in depriving ex-soldiers of the pensions without a hearing, a policy intended to deprive upon loyalty and patriotism. We believe it to be the duty of the state, as well as the nation, to make suitable provision for the care and maintenance of all indigent soldiers, their wives and widows; we therefore favor the establishment by the state of a suitable soldiers' home for the reception of such soldiers, their wives and widows, as may be overtaken by adversity.

We demand a rigid enforcement of all existing immigration laws by the national government, and demand such further legislation which will protect our people and institutions against the influx of the criminal and vicious races.

We denounce the unpatriotic action of the Cleveland administration in hauling down the American flag at Hawaii, and condemn the arrogant assumption of power displayed in the effort to restore a tyrannical queen over a free people who have thrown off the yoke of despotism.

We condemn the outrageous bargain and sale of federal patronage by the Cleveland administration in its unflinching efforts to usurp the prerogatives of the legislative branch of the government, to enforce favorite measures through congress and compel the confirmation of presidential appointments by the senate.

We condemn the reckless and extravagant administration of the financial affairs of this state, whereby the people are subjected to unjust and unnecessary burdens of taxation, by an increased assessment of property and an increased rate of taxation and by a multiplication of offices to be supported by the taxpayers of the state.

We believe that the benevolent, educational and correctional institutions of the state should be placed under non-partisan control. We believe in such legislation, state and national, as will protect the lives and limbs of negroes of native born and foreigners.

We condemn the policy steadily pursued by Democratic legislatures of Indiana in so arrogantly demanding the state as to deny the people a fair representation of their views in the state legislature and national congress, thus imperiling the foundations of our institutions.

DETAIL OF THE CONVENTION.

How the Candidates Showed at the Start and the Finish.

The fun began with promptness, the first ballot on secretary of state being

conducted as a test of strength between the five aspirants. Better order could not have been wished for, the convention remaining seated during its progress. The announcement of the result, however, was the signal for work, and from that hour there was interminable strife for supremacy. Sulzer was first to drop out, being followed by Jones, and on the fourth ballot Mr. Owen of Logansport mustered the winning forces.

Without speeches and no delay the convention passed to the auditorship. Daily of Lebanon won on the fourth ballot. Coons of Indianapolis started a good second, with only 35 votes less than the leader, but when he lost 37 of these on the second call he gave up the fight and withdrew, closing one feature of the Marion county warfare in the convention. A great scene was enacted here by Daily and Hauck forces, each of which tried to effect a stampede for their man, and the third showed Daily with the best of it. He was chosen on the fourth ballot, but was given a lively chase by Hauck, Wilson having withdrawn.

The "old ticket" got recognition on the first contest for treasurer. Mr. Sholz of Evansville took the lead from the start and maintained it to the end, finishing with 865 1-2 votes.

Marion's Great Struggle.

The next issue drawn was on the attorney generalship, where Marion county, by reason of presenting Ketcham, Taylor and Hanna, was the center of attraction, while outsiders were making every effort to turn the circumstances to the advantage of Loveland or Lovett. It was as fierce a struggle as is often seen and Taylor started with a slight lead over each competitor the first count, leading Ketcham by 109. Lovett showed up with 336 and Loveland with 374. Hanna had but 162 and dropped out of sight. Ketcham closed the gap in the second heat and passed Taylor by a nose, showing 517 1-4 to 512 1-4, while each of the others lost a few votes. With these running qualities shown the delegates drifted steadily to Ketcham on the third, when he passed under the wire with one vote to spare. Marion county supporters of each fought hard and the vote was challenged at every turn.

It was 8 o'clock when the supreme court clerkship race was entered and in the warming up heat it was a free-for-all with seven entries. Harvey of Marion going lame before the call. The first call showed: Brown of Johnson, 233; Hess of Wabash, 273; Tichenor of Gibson, 269; Endley of Dekalb, 261; Tuthill of Laporte, 239; Black of Hancock, 213; McClelland of Hendricks, 132. Two successive ballots showed slight change; on the third Hess and Brown showed the most decided gains. Six ballots were necessary, when Hess captured the prize with 873 1-2 to Brown's 832 1-2, the other aspirants having dropped out.

Superintendent of public instruction came next with but two contestants, Geeting and Henry. When the rollcall had progressed as far as Pulaski county Mr. Henry saw that his chances were hopeless and moved the unanimous choice of his opponent.

Simeon Thompson of Shelby was chosen statistician on the second ballot and W. M. Blatchley of Terre Haute went in as geologist after a similar test.

For judge of the first district there were but two contestants, Coffey of Clay and Jordan of Morgan, and the latter was the choice of the convention by the narrow majority of four votes.

For the fourth judicial district Monks was nominated on the second ballot.

The convention adjourned at 3:30 a. m.

ALL-AROUND POLITICS.

Threatened Indictment of a Grand Jury in Chicago.

CHICAGO, April 26.—The grand jury now in session is endeavoring to uncover frauds in the special mayoralty elections last fall. It is charged by Democrats that the members of the grand jury are working in the interest of the Republicans, with a view to counting in George B. Swift, the Republican candidate.

Populist Caucus on Coxeism.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—The Populist senators and representatives in congress were in caucus last night to reach an understanding as to the Populist attitude toward the on-coming Coxe army. While there was no endorsement of the movement, the speakers urged that it was the legitimate and natural outcome of national legislation.

Browne Inciting Anger.

FREDERICK, Md., April 26.—Browne read to the Coxe crowd last night messages from Iowa saying the militia had killed 65 of Kelly's men and that there had been deaths in Montana on account of a clash between Hogan and officers. The news was received with shouts of anger. Press dispatches do not confirm these statements.

No Guard For the President.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Although reports have been current that the white house guards had been reinforced, President and Mrs. Cleveland were out driving yesterday in an open carriage with only the colored driver on the box. A local paper printed a story that a special guard was on duty each night, but the report is not true.

Excursion Rates Denied.

NEW YORK, April 26.—The Trunk Line association has decided not to give special transportation rates to the Coxe armies on May 1.

FIFTY LIVES LOST.

Estimated Effect of a Gale on the Coast of Ireland.

DUBLIN, April 26.—It is estimated that not less than 50 lives were lost by the gale on the southern coast Monday. The loss on land was also quite heavy.

BRIEFS.

Jefferson barracks near St. Louis largely damaged by fire.

The plumbers' strike in Chicago is settled and 1,800 journeyman plumbers will return to work Monday.

A dispatch from Rome says that Prince Frederick Charles of Prussia desires to renounce the Lutheran faith and become a Roman Catholic.

Jury secured for trial of Dr. Meyer in New York, accused of poisoning old man Brandt as a scheme for swindling insurance companies.

Several thousand unemployed men met in Monumental square, Cleveland, and later organized the United States association to better the condition of the unemployed.

Verdict Gives a Rebate.

PEORIA, Ill., April 26.—In the United States court yesterday Judge Grosscup rendered a decision in the case of the Gottschalk company vs. the Distillers and Cattle-Feeders company against the rebate system, and allowing the plaintiffs \$37,112.

ASSUMES THE SERIOUS.

Government Takes a Hand In Heading off Coxeites.

FEDERAL TROOPS CALLED.

Hogan's Montana Army Resists Officers and a Battle Results In Which an Officer and a Commonwealer Are Injured—Why the President Takes a Hand—Browne and His Telegrams.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—The government yesterday made a move to check the career of Montana's overenthusiastic Coxeites, action being directed against the Hogan army in Montana which Tuesday seized a Northern Pacific train. Colonel Swayne, in command of the department of Dakota, was ordered by telegraph to intercept the army and restore to the road its property. It is said that so long as the progress of the army was peaceful and orderly there was no disposition to interfere, but such acts as the seizure of railroad trains is deprecated and the officers will no longer follow a policy of noninterference.

There has been manifest already in congress a disposition to criticize the president's action in ordering the troops to stop Hogan's train. In justification it is said that the Hogansites disregarded a court injunction and an order was issued for arrests for contempt. When the United States marshal sought to serve this he and his deputies were locked up by the crowd and the train made away with. The courts applied to Attorney General Olney, stating inability to contend with the army and it was decided after consultation that there was necessity for the action. The property seized was under federal control. The arrests must be made before the crowd passes out of the jurisdiction of Montana, and consequently the order was issued with promptness.

FIGHT WITH HOGAN.

Nobody Killed In a Battle With Marshals—Forces In Waiting.

BILLINGS, MONT., April 26.—Yesterday the 500 members of Hogan's army on their stolen train arrived in this city, and close at their heels was a train bearing 75 deputy United States marshals. A conflict between the deputies and the army was at once precipitated, which resulted in one man on each side being severely wounded. The firing was begun by deputies without orders, but when the marshal could regain control of his excited men he ordered it stopped. The train got away and continued eastward.

Dispatches from St. Paul say the train stopped somewhere between here and Keogh. It is sure to be taken when it comes in contact with the federal forces. The only means of escape is for the men to abandon it and start across the country on foot.

A telegram states that the stolen train stopped at Forsythe, 65 miles west of Fort Keogh, and the engine was reported out of water.

The army was captured at Forsythe and taken to Fort Keogh this morning to await war department orders.

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UPPER HOUSE BANTERS.

Senate Considering the Tariff Bill by Paragraph.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—The members of the senate exchanged a good many banterings on the tariff proposition yesterday, opening with an assertion of Mr. Aldrich that Democrats were negotiating for votes by changing the bill. Mr. Vest denied that such was the case. The bill was read by paragraphs and the entire time for debate was given to the discussion of one amendment. Mr. Palmer discussed the bill as applied to farmers, and Senator Allison, after long interruptions, declared that he expected to aid in the progress of the bill, but if the debate showed one entire day consumed without any conclusion he thought it would probably take two days to consider acetis acid, and probably the entire summer to consider wool, iron and sugar. The last hour was given to Mr. Stewart's speech on silver and adjournment occurred at 6 o'clock.

NO SILVER COMPROMISE.

Meyer Administration Measure Laid Aside and Free Coinage Taken Up.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—The effort to compromise the differences between the free silver and anti-silver members of the house came to naught today when Representative Bland's committee on coinage, weights and measures decided by a decisive vote to lay aside the Meyer compromise bill for the present session of congress and to take up Mr. Bland's bill for free silver coinage. In view of the fact that the Meyer bill is said to have administration approval, its displacement was the more significant.

Compromise Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Senator Brice is authority for the statement that a compromise tariff bill has been agreed upon, which is reasonably certain to be accepted by congress early in June. It will take the form of senate committee amendments to the pending bill. Senator Brice would not indicate any of the changes the amendments would effect further than it was the aim to secure a reduction of about 30 per cent from the McKinley law.

Senator Jones of the finance committee, when asked about the current report that a compromise had been reached, said that no agreement had been made. He admitted numerous conferences with a view of adjusting the differences supposed to exist, but said there could be no agreement until all the persons interested in the changes on both sides of the question had given their consent.

Erroneous Criticism.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Some of the Indiana newspapers are erroneously criticizing Representatives Bynum, Martin, Conn and Holman for voting against the enforcement of the rule making deductions from members' salaries for the time they are absent without leave. The four Indiana members voted against the quorum counting rule, but every member in the delegation voted to deduct from the salaries of absentees.

Pfeffer's Provision of Labor.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Senator Pfeffer yesterday introduced another bill to provide work for the unemployed in the District of Columbia. The bill provides for the improvement of the public grounds of Washington by laying out and making walks and wagonways and by the opening up of highways wherever needed in the district, and for the improvement of those already provided.

Bynum Not Discussing Henry.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Mr. Bynum declined to discuss the nomination of C. L. Henry as his competitor for congress. It is the opinion here that Mr. Bynum will be renominated and will issue a challenge to Mr. Henry for a joint discussion at all the principal points in the district. But Mr. Bynum would not talk for publication.

House.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—The house yesterday, after a wrangle on the approval of the journals, went into committee of the whole on diplomatic and consular appropriations. Mr. Cannon of Illinois insisted upon an explanation of every increase and offered many amendments for reductions.

Frank Hatton Improved.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Frank Hatton, editor of the Washington Post, who was stricken with paralysis, is slightly better. His physicians report that he passed a fairly comfortable night and that his condition gives a slight ground for encouragement.

Convict Labor Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Representative O'Neill of Missouri has introduced a bill to protect free labor from the injurious effects of convict labor by confining the sale of the products of the latter class of labor to the state where produced.

Call For Colored Republicans.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—The McKinley Tariff league, which has its headquarters in Washington, has issued a call for a convention of the colored Republican clubs of the United States to be held here the first Monday in July.

May Accept Spanish Decoration.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—The president has approved the act authorizing Commander Dickens, U. S. N., to accept a decoration from the king of Spain.

Postmaster at Annapolis, Ind.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—W. L. McIntyre has been appointed postmaster at Annapolis, Park county, Ind.

Great Northern Strike Argument.

ST. PAUL, April 26.—The committee from the American Railway union, that is trying to arrange a wage schedule on the Great Northern, spent all of yesterday with President Hill trying to convince that official that they were the regularly accredited representatives of his employees, but the day ended without their object having been attained.

CORRUPTION CHARGED.

Decided Sensation In the Indianapolis Rank Case Trial.

OFFER TO ACCEPT A BRIBE.

Frank Coffin Alleged That He Was Approached In Behalf of a Juror Ready to Sell Out—Arrest of the Accused and a Termination of the Case—Inhuman Brother's Deed—State News.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 26.—The great bank case had a sensational termination yesterday when Francis Coffin filed with Judge Baker an affidavit charging that he had been approached in behalf of a juror with an offer to hold out for a verdict for the defense in consideration of a cash reward. The affidavit makes this serious allegation against Alvin Armstrong of the village of Deal, Lawrence county, and the individual who is accused of making the proposition is Frank O. Stannard of the same place.

After the affidavit had been filed the court and attorneys held a long conference in the judge's room, and when they came into the courtroom it was apparent that something unusual was about to happen. Without delay Judge Baker made known the charge, dismissed the 11 jurors who were uninvolved, announcing that it would be a mockery of justice to continue the trial. Armstrong, a slender, delicate appearing man, turned pale at the revelation and on order of the court was placed under arrest and a warrant issued for the arrest of Stannard. This development has been a great surprise to the public and requires that the work already done shall be done over again.

Stannard, who was a delegate to the Republican state convention, was taken in charge in Tomlinson hall and removed to the courtroom. He is said to have told Coffin that everything was arranged with Armstrong except the amount required, and agreed to meet him at his house and arrange that detail. Coffin at first treated the matter lightly, but when Stannard insisted that he was in earnest, as alleged, Coffin reported to his attorneys, with the result stated. The accused men were arraigned yesterday afternoon and placed under \$4,000 bond to answer the charges of attempted bribery, the hearing to occur Monday. The trial of the case has been postponed until Tuesday next and a new venire ordered.

IN HUMAN BROTHER.

Held His Sister Prisoner While He Outraged and Then Murdered Her.

NEWPOINT, Ind., April 26.—The most atrocious crime ever reported in this part of the state is the brutal manner in which Henry Brockmann of near Napoleon outraged and murdered his sister Annie. Mrs. Jonathan Wise, a witness to the awful deed, relates that on Sunday last Brockmann enticed his sister to a strawstack and there forced her to submit to repeated outrages. Her whereabouts was not known till Tuesday, when in driving past the place Mrs. Wise discovered the parties. Annie at once appealed for relief, telling what had occurred. Mrs. Wise made every effort to secure her release, but Brockmann was not inclined to grant the urgent request. All other means failing, she sent for help, but as several persons approached, led by the girl's parents, the inhuman brother threw back his sister's head and cut her throat and as she lay dying covered her body with straw. For a time he menacingly defied arrest, but his capture was eventually effected and the murdered girl carried to her home. Brockmann was a worthless and discarded member of a large family, of which he was the oldest child.

Heavy Fire Loss.

FRANKLIN, Ind., April 26.—The large 4-story flouring mill owned by C. W. McDaniel, and known as the "McDaniel Model mill," was totally destroyed by fire yesterday morning at 1 o'clock. The origin of the fire is a mystery. Loss \$30,000.

Why Cochran Gave Up.

WASHINGTON, Ind., April 26.—William Cochran, accused of being a member of the gang of boxcar thieves, and who was shot Sunday while resisting arrest, gave himself up yesterday, his wounds requiring attention.

Morphine Enough to Kill.

ANDERSON, Ind., April 26.—Elias Skinner, a well known wagonmaker who had been drinking heavily, yesterday took enough morphine to end his life.

Inhaled Prussic Acid.

RICHMOND, Ind., April 26.—Without known cause, Henry Meerhoff, a young drug clerk, suicided yesterday by inhaling prussic acid.

Handsome Church.

PERT, Ind., April 26.—Members of the First Baptist church have contracted for a new \$40,000 place of worship.

INDIANA NOTES.

Johnson county, Whitewater township, has a case of varioloid which creates alarm.

Child which created a smallpox scare in a fashionable Fort Wayne boardinghouse had only chickenpox.

Disappearance of mail continues at South Bend, notwithstanding the recent arrest of ex-Mail-carrier Boone.

John Griffe was pinioned down and seriously hurt by the falling of a heavy steel bar in the Elwood tinplate factory.

Hallie Young, Columbus boy, while playing "whip cracker" with schoolmates

was thrown against a tree and both legs broken.

Eighty acres of fine land near New Albany will be given to the government if it will establish a military post thereon.

Miss Gertrude Morse's breach of promise suit against Paul Scharrf, filed in Madison, will be withdrawn, says her father.

John Guion, Cincinnati traveling man, crawled under a train at Westfield to recover a satchel he had dropped and the train started while he was under it. He with extraordinary presence of mind clambered on the truck and was carried to Frankfort before a stop was made.

MINING PROSPECTS.

No Immediate Chance of Conference Between Miners and Operators.

CHICAGO, April 26.—Colonel W. P. Rend has sent the following telegram to the Pittsburgh Dispatch in answer to inquiries:

"I find there is no immediate prospect of a conference between mine owners and miners. Many of the largest operators in the Pittsburgh district say they will grant no advance whatever, while many others refuse to meet except on positive assurance beforehand from miners' officials that no rate shall be established except a uniform one. Many leading Hocking operators do not favor resumption of work at any price for six or eight weeks, as they have immense stocks of coal stored at Duluth and other lake ports carried over from last season. Suspension of operations will largely increase the value of this coal. They are willing to pay a portion of the advance asked by the miners when these stocks will have become exhausted. I deeply regret that these difficulties and complications prevent a convention to settle by conciliatory and peaceable ways the existing strike."

Looks Less Favorable.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 26.—The situation among miners looks less favorable for the strikers. Men at several mines were at work yesterday, only eight mines out of 20 in the Springfield subdistrict being closed. At Taylorville 150 miners struck because the operators wanted to reduce their wages. At Pana, at three shafts employing 300 men, all are at work. At another mine employing 50 men the miners are on a strike. The mines of the Consolidated Coal company, the largest company in the west, in southern Illinois, are in full operation.

Danger of an Outbreak.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., April 26.—The national strike is practically complete in the Connellsville coke region in its entirety. The authorities have taken a position that almost certainly involves an outbreak if persisted in. It is held that the strikers, in assembling to bring out the men who persist in working are guilty of assemblage for unlawful purposes, and can be legally dispersed by force. The strikers swear they will not surrender their right to hold meetings.

Compromise Proposition.

BRAZIL, Ind., April 26.—Pursuant to a call by the operators, a miners' committee met the block coal operators here yesterday. The operators offered the men 80 cents a ton for digging coal until a general settlement was made throughout the country. The proposition will be valid upon the vote submitted to the operators tomorrow, when the final settlement will be reached.

In Indiana's Field.

COAL BLUFF, Ind., April 26.—Bituminous miners succeeded in getting block men in that vicinity to quit yesterday. It is believed the action of the Coal Bluff block miners is but a starter and that the block coal miners in the entire Indiana fields will yet be induced to quit, even before May 1.

Big Strike Threatened.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., April 26.—Wamsutta mill weavers threaten to strike, and if they do 5,000 people will be affected.

New Strike Recruits.

PEORIA, Ill., April 26.—Several hundred miners along the Toledo, Peoria and Warsaw railway have joined the strikers.

Old Story Revived.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 26.—News from Hawaii to April 9 says the chief feature of interest in the Hawaiian situation is the recent activity of the royalists. The natives are said to be more than ever confident that Great Britain is on the side of Liliuokalani.

Kept Watch Over Italians.

AKRON, O., April 26.—The unemployed workmen of the city kept guard over the street improvements yesterday and refused to allow the Italians

DAILY BANNER TIMES

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Changes for display advertisements must be handed in by 10 o'clock a. m. each day. Reading advertisements will be received each day up to 1 o'clock p. m. Advertising rates made known on application.

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All communications should be signed with the name of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as evidence of good faith. Anonymous communications can not be noticed.

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HARRY M. SMITH.....Managing Editor

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For Auditor
JAMES McD. HAYS
For Clerk
JOHN D. HUNT
For Recorder
LEWEL JOHNES
For Treasurer
OSCAR A. SHEPHERD
For Sheriff
DANIEL W. MACY
For Surveyor
LARRY DOWNS
For Coroner
JOHN T. OWEN
For Commissioner
1st District—JOHN L. BRIDGES
2nd District—JAMES C. REAT

REPUBLICAN CITY TICKET.

For Mayor
JONATHAN BIRCH
For Treasurer
JOHN GILMORE
For Clerk
JAMES M. HURLEY
For Marshal
WILLIAM E. STARR
For Councilmen
First Ward—THOMAS ABRAMS
Second Ward—EDMUND PERKINS
Third Ward—JOHN R. MILLER

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

Secretary of State
WILLIAM D. OWEN
Auditor of State
AMERICUS C. DAILY
Treasurer of State
F. J. SCHOLZ
Clerk of Supreme Court
ALEXANDER HESS
Supt. of Public Instruction
DAVID M. GEETING
State Statistician
SIMEON J. BLATCHLEY
Supreme Judge—First District
JAMES H. JORDAN
Supreme Judge—Fourth District
L. J. MONKS

The republican resolutions of Putnam county are in favor of a reduction of taxation.

The state republican convention is a thing of the recent past, having adjourned at 3:30 o'clock this morning after a continuous session from 10 o'clock on Wednesday morning. With over one thousand and seven hundred delegates and nearly a half-hundred candidates, the meeting was the largest state convention held since the war, and one as fully enthusiastic as any of the party. Uncle Dick Thompson presided, and at the age of eighty-four made one of his characteristic republican speeches that reminded the older fellows of old times. The convention was harmonious and was held in hand so far as possible with such an unwieldy crowd. The ticket is particular strong, and it is well distributed over the state. We give the platform and details of the convention in our telegraph news today, which tells the result. The ticket will roll up about 25,000 majority in November.

WHAT THEY REPRESENT.

The BANNER TIMES has had considerable to say lately about the importance of the coming city election. The following thought is from the Crawfordsville Journal and we believe it good doctrine to adopt everywhere and in every city: It is not simply a question as to who shall hold the offices but a question of

principles. The republican candidates represent something more than a name. They represent the cause of good wages, employment and comfort for the workingman, multitudes of whom are now starving owing to the blighting shadow of the fraudulent Wilson bill. They represent American industrial independence, as against American dependence on the industries of Europe. They represent work and wages and self-respect, as against charity loaves and soup. The democratic candidates stand for everything that the republican candidates oppose. A vote for them is indirectly a vote in favor of the incapacity of the present congress. The result of the city election will have a far more reaching effect than simply as to the men who shall fill the offices and draw the salaries. Therefore, vote to keep the democrats out of the city. Vote to turn them out of the county, the state, the Nation. Turn them out everywhere. The time and the place to begin is in the city on Tuesday, May 1.

THE CLEVELAND BADGE.

A Prevailing Fad, Worn as a Necessity Rather Than Ornament.

Here is a story from actual life that is too good to be lost: A lady in Macomb, wife of one of our mechanics who voted for Cleveland and reform, was down town the other day doing some trading at one of the leading grocery stores. She was well acquainted with the proprietor, and after through ordering goods fell into a chat with that gentle-



man. After awhile she suddenly started up and said: "Well, this won't do. I must hurry home and finish my husband's Cleveland badge."

The grocer is a Republican, and he flew up in a minute, saying, "I should think you would be thinking of anything but making Cleveland badges these hard times, and I can't imagine what sort of a badge you would make." "I'll tell you what it is, sir," the spunky woman retorted. "It's a patch about the size of a palm leaf fan on the seat of his trousers. It's the prevailing fad up in the Second ward since the present administration came in. Why, even the Republicans are putting them on. And there never was a more appropriate badge in the world," and with a smile the woman passed out, while the somewhat sold grocer soliloquized: "That woman diagnosed the case precisely. It's as appropriate a badge for Cleveland and reform as the skull and crossbones is the proper coat of arms for a poison label."—Macomb Journal.

NEWS FROM DEPAUW.

The News Daily from Greencastle's Great Center of Learning.

Frank Gee spent the first of the week in Rockville.

A party of students went to Eel river falls yesterday.

Miss Della Ogden is visiting at her home in Danville.

Mr. Leon Smith will finish work here for this semester.

Miss Fernie spent yesterday afternoon in Indianapolis.

Prof. Smyser and Dr. Duvall are holding examinations this week.

Miss Clearwaters is at her work again after a few days' sickness.

Mrs. Wood, of Evansville, is at ladies' hall the guest of her daughter Miss Fern.

Miss Margaret Patterson leaves the last of the week for her home in Rushville, Ill.

Misses Foster and George made their first sketching expedition of the season this morning.

Miss Webber and Miss Bartlett are attending the funeral services of Miss Beck's father at Indianapolis.

Miss Marquis has a leave of absence from the university for the remainder of this year to do some musical work in the academy at Effingham, Ill.

The following leave over the Big Four tonight for Ohio: Messrs. Haskell, Kibbie, Bayse, Meade, Hankins, Whitcomb, Bearss, Woods, Phillips, Blake and Sprinkle. The boys expect to return with three victories.

Lost—Lap robe. Finder will please return to J. A. Kellar, DePauw farm, and receive reward. 148-1t

GENERAL FRY'S ARMY.

The Industrials Arrive Here on a Vandalia Freight at Eleven O'clock.

The long looked for Fry "industrial" army passed through here at eleven o'clock, giving Greencastle the go-by, which was all right so far as Greencastle was concerned. At eleven o'clock train No. 26 on the Vandalia, a through freight, pulled into the station, the tops of the cars, brakes and caboose ends being lined with the army. They arrived in Brazil yesterday and staid all night there. There is no truth in the rumor that the men had hired a car to transport them from Terre Haute to Indianapolis, and that they were deprived of the use of the same by the Vandalia. The BANNER TIMES man was at the Vandalia yards just as the train pulled in, having arrived with Marshal Starr as the train stopped. The reporter at once hunted for General Fry, but was informed that he had gone in on No. 8, the morning passenger, to make arrangements for the reception of the army in Indianapolis. The second man interviewed by the reporter was a Knights of Pythias from Wellington, Kansas, an intelligent, well-appearing fellow, who stated he was out of work, and was with the army on account of the times. He said the men were the victims of their general's cupidity. The men were misled by General Fry. Fry told the men that he had hired a car for them, but General Manager Williams, of the road, stated the car was simply hired by Fry for the transportation of the camping utensils, the team and what few soldiers could find room in the car. This was the case.

The car was located about the middle of the train, and when the engine stopped for water the reporter climbed aboard. In the car were two fair-looking horses, a lot of cooking utensils, ranging from a wash boiler to an empty tomato can, and a lot of traps, which one of the commonwealers said were used in preparing the "chewing racket." The rest of the space was occupied by an assortment of humanity that ranged from a genuine bum to a respectable looking man. The "wealers" all wore small flags on their coats, and there was a good deal of tobacco spit flying about that necessitated a vast amount of dexterity on the reporter's part to avoid getting a deluge. Two hundred and thirty was the number of the gang, and they lined the tops of the twenty box cars pretty generally.

The train stopped at the freight water plug, and instantly delegates were sent scurrying out to the neighboring houses and towards the "strip" and Fox Ridge for forage. The warning whistle from the engine brought the men flying back to the train, and after a stop of less than ten minutes the gang went eastward without any regret of the residents of south Greencastle. One fellow asked if "dat building was de penitentiary," as he pointed out the spires of DePauw. He was told it was the greatest institution of learning in Greencastle, and he at once signaled the engineer to pull out. He had all the education he wanted. A half-dozen fellows with "growlers" made a break for the saloon near the water tank, but were compelled to return to their train before they got there, and thus all the drink that was secured was by the engine, that being hydrant water. The men said they expected to reach Indianapolis at one o'clock, and that Fry would have a square meal prepared for them. One talkative fellow said they were mostly from Los Angeles, Cal., and that they were going to Washington to "assert their rights." Fry had threatened to stop here one day and deliver a lecture, but he changed his plans and thought it best for his army to stay with train "26" while they could.

Excursion to Terre Haute. Account Sells Bros.' Circus the Vandalia Line will sell excursion tickets to Terre Haute May 7th, good to return including all trains of May 8th, at rate of \$1.30 for round trip, which includes ticket of admission to circus.

144-1t J. S. DOWLING, Agent.

Subscribe for the BANNER TIMES.

List of Patents

Granted to Indiana inventors this week. Reported by C. A. Snow & Co., solicitors of American and foreign patents, opp. U. S. patent office, Washington, D. C.

W. E. Ayers, Collett, clover feeder; T. Duncan, Fort Wayne, universal phase alternate-current motor; A. Lehman and C. J. Kraus, Peru, treating jute or other bagging; W. F. Limpus, Alpine, sulky; J. McLaughlin, Michigan City, automatic gate for elevators; C. W. Meggenhofen, Indianapolis, boring machine; J. L. Waggoner, Columbus, tool chest.

GENERAL COUNTY NEWS.

Pointed Paragraphs From Many Places Within Putnam's Boundaries.

CLOVERDALE.

Some of the unemployed reached here Tuesday. Among the number was a negro, who put in the day playing marbles with some of our local sports, who begin playing marbles of a morning before breakfast and play until bed time. When darkness comes they use lamps.

The hoop factory is rapidly nearing completion. This will be quite a boon for our town, as it will give employment to a number of men and boys, besides using elm timber that cannot be used for anything else.

The Watson Little Coal Co., of Chicago, is boring for coal three miles west of town. They have several farms leased and expect to lease several more, and will drill on several different farms until they find coal or become satisfied there is none.

C. A. Rockwell will attend high school commencement at Gosport Friday evening.

Quite a number from here were witnesses in the Carney case at Greencastle Wednesday.

The Cloverdale Building and Loan association directors elected the following officers Saturday night: Pres., T. Brown; vice pres., Justus Kerbaugh; sec., J. C. Merwin; treas., W. E. Horn. J. W. O'Daniel attended the state convention this week.

RACCOON.

Dr. Summers, a young man who comes here highly recommended, has located in the Gough property. We hope he will be given a trial when any one is in need of a physician.

Bro. Henry Ashly is conducting a successful revival in the Christian church at Parkersburg. About eighteen have united with the church. Eight were immersed at the Raccoon bridge on Sunday evening at four o'clock and the rest on Wednesday evening.

Bro. J. C. Ashly, of Tuscola, Ill., preached two excellent sermons Monday and Tuesday nights.

Mrs. Mattie Stephens, of Anderson, Ind., returned to her home after a two weeks' visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Young.

The Little Wonders, Misses Lenna Harness and Anna Pearl Cogswell, will give an entertainment consisting of recitations, drills, mandolin and guitar music, etc., in the G. A. R. hall at Parkersburg under the auspices of the Epworth League of Raccoon. They come highly recommended and should be patronized liberally. Admission 10 and 15 cents.

Mrs. Reed has been quite sick but is better at this writing.

Bob Finchum has moved his shingle machine on Jim Skillman's place where he will make about fifty thousand shingles.

B. D. Skillman was in Indianapolis Monday and Tuesday.

Mrs. Whittaker, of Parkersburg, who has been very sick, was able to visit her daughter, Mrs. Willard Finchum of this place last Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Shannon have moved into John Fritz's property.

Charles Reed and wife have moved from here to Lapland where Mr. Reed is engaged in the blacksmith business and doing splendid. Success to you Charles.

Mrs. Geo. Lafollette visited her mother in North Salem last Tuesday. She was accompanied home by her sister, Miss Cora Thrift.

Bro. Wood will preach here next Sunday morning, after which those who united with the church last winter will be baptized.

MT. MERIDIAN.

Monday and Friday last was spent in papering the M. E. church. The work was done by Rev. Edgin, the regular pastor, and lady friends who felt disposed to devote a day's work to help in the work of God.

Farmers are busy plowing for corn. John Bowen has been repairing his engine. He expects to begin threshing wheat soon.

Some of the farmers have been planting corn. It is supposed it will all have to be planted over.

There is strong talk of building a new M. E. church at this place at the cost of \$10,000. On farmer agrees to give \$1,000, one \$500 and another \$200. We think it would be a great benefit to both the town and the surrounding neighborhood. We should all lend a helping hand in such work.

The death of Emory M. Dorsett, son of Fillmore Dorsett, occurred April 14.

NOW LOCATED

Just across the street from the Postoffice.

H. S. WERNEKE,

THE WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER.

Repairing a Specialty. Give me a Trial.

Paper Hanging and Patching

Done neatly, cheaply and with promptness.

BOX 773. R. B. HURLEY.

He was born November 3, 1876, and his age was 17 years, 5 months and 11 days. Emory was a good boy and loved everybody, for he never said anything bad about any one in his life; never indulged in anything bad and had no bad habits of any kind. He was sick only about ten days, which was a short notice to his relatives, who so sadly mourn his loss.

Frank and Estella Butler were guests of Arthur and Amy Reat Sunday.

Charley Nelson spent Sunday with his brother, John Nelson, at this place. Wander what made E. E. Bourne quit plowing in new ground.

CARPENTERSVILLE.

John L. Bridges and two of his children have been confined at Dr. W. C. Harris' for the past week with scarlet fever in a light form. They are better now. Willis Gillen also had the same disease, but is out again.

T. D. Young dehorned his cattle this week.

We have a colored barber in our town now.

Every one seems to be well pleased with our county ticket except a few democrats, who could not be pleased with anything short of democracy.

John L. Higgins and family were visiting at Mrs. Carpenter's, his mother-in-law.

B. B. Cline is sick with lung trouble. Farmers are busy plowing. Many of them have nearly all their corn ground broke. Some had to sow their oats over again.

BAINBRIDGE.

Mr. Perry, of Putnamville, visited Rev. Vandament this week.

The new Christian Union chapel was dedicated Sunday by Rev. Hagans. \$600 was raised by subscription to complete the payment on the church. While the church is not very large yet it is handsomely finished and is said to be the nicest church in town.

Mrs. Sarah Gregory, of Lafayette, is visiting friends and relatives at this place.

Bob Poole was in town last Saturday. Several of our citizens went to Carpentersville Saturday to witness the defeat of our ball team.

Wm. Ford died Saturday night of acute peritonitis at his home west of town and was buried Monday. Mr. Ford was born in this township in 1824, and consequently was one of our oldest native born citizens. He was at one time township trustee and was also county commissioner. Rev. Hagans preached the funeral discourse at the Christian-Union church, which was crowded to its utmost capacity with friends and relatives. The Masonic fraternity had charge of the obsequies, a large number of whom were in attendance. Don.

OAKALLA.

Jeff Whittaker has moved from Manhattan to this place.

Quarterly meeting services will be held Saturday and Sunday. Preaching by the elder Saturday evening, Sunday morning and Sunday evening. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

Down went McGinty. Out goes the bottom of the fish market. No. 1 pickerel at 12¢. No. 2 pickerel at 10¢. Perch, herring and gray bass at 8¢. All neatly dressed. Geo. Owens, south Indiana street. d146-147-149

These Coupons Good for any Two Back Numbers.

APRIL 26, 1894.

DOUBLE : NUMBER

Shepp's World's Fair

PHOTOGRAPHED.

Clip three coupons like this, of different dates, and bring or send with 20 cents in stamps or coin, to THE BANNER TIMES, and ANY TWO BACK Portfolios will be delivered or mailed. Write your name and address plainly and don't fail to enclose 3 coupons and 20 cents for two parts stating what parts are wanted.

These Coupons Good for any Two Back Numbers.

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These Coupons Good for any Two Back Numbers.

The Daily Banner Times, Only Ten Cents Per Week.

J. R. LEATHERMAN,

PHYSICIAN : AND : SURGEON,

Rooms 2, 3, 4 and 5, Allen Block.

GREENCASTLE, : : : INDIANA.

Special Attention Given to Diseases of Women and Children.

OSCAR WEBSTER,

PAINTER, PAPER HANGER AND DECORATOR

All Work Promptly Attended to. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

59-13w

G. B. COOPER. J. W. COOPER

COOPER BROS.,

Transfer and Liverymen.

Busses to and from all trains. Baggage Transferred. Livery Rigs of all kinds. Cabs for Parties, Funerals and Weddings. Draying a Specialty. Pianos and Furniture Moved. Telephone connection with depots and Ladies' Hall. Calls answered any time day or night.

OFFICE COR. INDIANA AND WAL-

1-ly NUT STS. OPP. ENGINE HOUSE

Local Time Card.

BIG FOUR.

GOING EAST.

No. 21 Indianapolis Accommodation. 8:45 a. m.

No. 18 Southwestern Limited. 1:52 p. m.

No. 8 Mail. 5:55 p. m.

No. 10 Cincinnati Night Express. 2:55 a. m.

GOING WEST.

No. 9 Mail. 8:45 a. m.

No. 17 Southwestern Limited. 12:44 p. m.

No. 3 Mattson Accommodation. 6:34 p. m.

No. 7 St. L. and Cin. Night Express. 12:40 a. m.

No. 2 connects through to Cincinnati, Cleveland, Dayton and Benton Harbor. No. 18, coaches to Buffalo, sleepers to New York and Washington, D. C. No. 8 connects through to Washburn and Cincinnati. No. 10, coaches for Cleveland and Cincinnati, sleepers to Cincinnati and New York.

Daily. * Except Sunday.

P. F. HURSTIS, Agent

MONON ROUTE

LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY & CHICAGO RY. CO.

In effect Sunday, Nov. 19, 1893.

SOUTH BOUND.

No. 4 Chicago Mail. 1:27 a. m.

No. 6 Express. 12:05 p. m.

No. 44 Local. 12:05 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

No. 3 Louisville Express. 2:47 a. m.

No. 5 Southern Express. 2:38 p. m.

No. 43 Local. 1:45 p. m.

Daily. * Except Sunday.

VANDALIA LINE.

Trains leave Greencastle, Ind., in effect Nov. 19, 1893.

FOR THE WEST.

No. 5 Ex. Sun. 8:56 a. m. for St. Louis.

No. 7 Daily. 12:30 a. m. for St. Louis.

No. 1 Daily. 12:35 p. m. for St. Louis.

No. 21 Daily. 1:52 p. m. for St. Louis.

No. 3 Ex. Sun. 5:28 p. m. for Terre Haute.

FOR THE EAST.

No. 4 Ex. Sun. 8:34 a. m. for Indianapolis.

No. 20 Daily. 1:52 p. m. " "

No. 8 Daily. 3:35 p. m. " "

No. 2 Ex. Sun. 6:20 p. m. " "

No. 12 Daily. 8:28 a. m. " "

No. 6 Daily. 3:28 a. m. " "

PEORIA DIVISION

Leave Terre Haute.

No. 25 Ex. Sun. 7:05 a. m. for Peoria.



A DISPLAY

Of Wall Paper that will interest and please you is now going on. If you are looking for something especially attractive and pretty at a moderate price, you can find it.

We are Selling at Reasonable Rates
JONES' DRUG STORE.

BARTON'S LAUNDRY
Makes your linen look like new. Three shipments each week, Mon., Wed and Fri.
PROMPT COLLECTION AND DELIVERY.

MONEY LOANED

In any sum, for any time. Must see the borrower in person. No delay. Money furnished at once at the very lowest rates.

Geo. E. Blake,
GREENCASTLE, IND.

WE TAKE PAIN

to see to it every man and woman coming into our store gets a proper fit in shoes. In some stores the salesmen are ladies and let you take away a shoe that fits indifferently, to save themselves the trouble of rumaging through the shelves for the proper thing. It costs us nothing to take special trouble, and we find the satisfaction it gives customers makes it well worth our while. A single ill-fitting pair of shoes is enough to start corns that will last a lifetime. Trading at a store where you are sure to get nothing but "fits" means

NO PAINS FOR YOU.
L. L. LOUIS & CO.

FOR THE NEATEST AND BEST

Merchant Tailoring

In the city go to
E. W. WHITE.
Over Jones' drug store, opposite the postoffice.

Finest Line of Samples, Buttons Covered and Made to Order Repairing and Cleaning.

Spring Samples now in.
E. W. WHITE.

1894.
WAVERLY : BICYCLES
ARE SECOND TO NONE.

THEY HAVE CLINCHER TIRES AND ENDLESS INNER TUBES. NO LAPS. They do not have to be removed.

In case of puncture, tubes can be repaired and tire blown up in one minute. A bicycle without clincher tires is no good.

BUY WAVERLY & SAVE MONEY.
Sample Wheel at C. E. Anderson's insurance office.

ANDERSON & HARRIS.
Sole Agts. for Putnam Co.

NEW STOCK OF
WALL PAPERS
—AT—
ALLEN'S - DRUG - STORE.
Latest Designs and Colorings. Lowest Prices. Albert Allen

OUR ANNOUNCEMENT COLUMN.

FOR TOWNSHIP TRUSTEE.
Editor BANNER TIMES:
Please announce that I will be a candidate for Trustee of Greencastle township, subject to the republican primary election or convention.
ROBERT S. GRAHAM.

Editor BANNER TIMES:
Please announce that I will be a candidate for Trustee of Greencastle Tp., subject to the Republican primary election or convention.
J. N. NUTT.

Editor BANNER TIMES:
Please announce that I will be a candidate for Trustee of Greencastle township, subject to the Republican primary or convention.
JOHN E. NEWHOUSE.

Editor BANNER TIMES:
Please announce that I will be a candidate for Trustee of Greencastle township, subject to the republican primary.
VIRGIL PECK.

Editor BANNER TIMES:
Please announce that I will be a candidate for Trustee of Greencastle township, subject to the republican primary.
ROBERT W. ALLEN.

Editor BANNER TIMES:
Please announce that I am a candidate for Trustee of Greencastle township, subject to the Republican primary.
DAVID E. BADGER.

THOS. E. TALBOTT is a candidate for trustee of Greencastle township until the last vote is counted, subject to the decision of the republican primary. "That it be not changed according to the law of the Medes and Persians, which altereth not."

For 30 DAYS Only.

A BARGAIN.
Elegant Residence Property, Modern Improvements, Best Location in city. Call on
JAMES M. HURLEY, : Agent

Vandalia Mills
BEST : PATENT
IS A LEADER.
Ask Your Grocer.
140-3m-c-o-w

THE LOCAL FIELD

What is Going on in and About Fair Greencastle.

LATEST CITY HAPS AND MISHAPS.

Where Our People are Going and Where Their Guests are Stopping—News of Interest Over the City—The Best Column in the Paper for Quick Reading—Short Notes from all Parts of the Town—More Notes Some Days than Others—Read and Keep Posted.

Dr. Bence was called to Seymour this morning.

Milroy Gordon, of Bainbridge, is in the city today.

Mrs. Dan Hurst went to Coatesville this morning.

Miss Lizzie Earnest is home from Indianapolis.

Emanuel Marquis, jr., is visiting friends in Clayton.

Major George Kimble, of Mt. Vernon, is in the city.

Miss Carrie Essex is the guest of Mrs. W. F. Swahlen.

Mrs. H. M. Middleton is spending the day in Indianapolis.

L. P. Chapin made a business trip to Bainbridge today.

W. G. Neff went to Terre Haute this morning on business.

Ed. Hanawalt, of Brazil, is the guest of H. M. Middleton.

Miss Mary Slemmons, of Indianapolis, is visiting friends in the city.

Temple lodge, No. 47, will have a called meeting for work this evening.

Miss Ida Hibbitt has taken a position as stenographer with P. O. Collier.

Will Brissenden, who lost a leg in a Monon wreck while conductor, has fixed the matter with the road

and took a train yesterday on the Michigan City run of the road.

The Christian church will hold prayer meeting tonight in the G. A. R. hall.

Mrs. Stella Hill, of Boston, is visiting her grandmother, Mrs. N. R. Callender.

Luther Hirt left this afternoon for New York where he will sail for Europe with his father.

The high school ball nine defeated the junior preps, yesterday afternoon by a score of 15 to 9.

Sell Brazier and A. F. Jacobs tried to snare some votes from the Fry party this morning at the south depot.

Mrs. Jas. T. Darnell, who has been seriously ill for some time, is gradually growing worse and is not expected to survive the night.

The Christian church people have moved to the G. A. R. hall, where they will hold regular services until their new church is built.

Dr. J. H. Neff was at the Vandalia depot this morning and recognized in a member of Fry's army a former citizen of Hutsonville, Ill.

Jas. Vestal, Geo. Carter, W. S. Burris, J. H. McCoy, and A. J. Rockwell are up from Cloverdale today as witnesses in the Carney trial which is in circuit court. Carney is accused of burning a barn for the insurance.

In the circuit court Wednesday the case of State of Indiana vs. Emery McCammack, assault and battery, was tried before a jury. The jury disagreed. The prosecuting witness was Elder Williams, of Lena, and the defendant was charged with striking the minister with a piece of electric light carbon at the close of a meeting.

Members of Putnam lodge, No. 45, I. O. O. F., and sojourning brothers are requested to meet in Putnam lodge hall Sunday afternoon, April 29, at 2:30 o'clock, to attend the sermon by Dr. George L. Curtiss in Meharry hall. Dr. Curtiss has been a member of the order for more than a quarter of a century, and now on the diamond anniversary of Odd Fellowship in America proposes to speak to speak to us on the good of the order. Sermon at 3:15. Public invited.

War relic show for the benefit of relief fund of G. A. R. post is now open. An immense collection of relics of the war and Hawaiian and other relics, besides a great collection of autograph letters and autographs of Lincoln, Grant, Johnson, Jefferson, Jackson, Monroe, Madison, Washington, Stanton, Chase, William Cullen Bryant, Chas. Sumner and many others, and many interesting documents. Pupils of the public schools will be admitted for five cents on afternoons. General admission ten cents. Public invited. You will be both interested and instructed and spend an evening pleasantly. Silver Leaf band will play tonight.

Mrs. Mary E. Blake died shortly after twelve o'clock last night at the residence of her son, G. E. Blake, on east Franklin street. Mrs. Blake had been a sufferer for many years of lung trouble, gradually declining until death relieved her at the above mentioned hour. She was the relict of Capt. W. M. C. Blake, in his day one of the leading citizens of Greencastle, who died January 1, 1886. Mrs. Blake was seventy-seven years and four months old, and was the mother of George E. Blake, James Blake and Mrs. A. C. Fry. The funeral services will be held tomorrow afternoon at two o'clock at the family residence on east Franklin street, Dr. S. B. Town officiating. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

Mrs. N. S. Joslin entertained yesterday afternoon at her residence, corner of Vine and Seminary streets. The afternoon was devoted to a thimble and art of song party. The art of song was the unique feature of the afternoon. The names of familiar songs were written on slips of paper and handed to the guests, who drew a picture on a sheet of paper represent-

ing the song on their slip. Miss Carrie Essex drew first prize, a handsome decorated plate, for guessing the names of the greatest number of pictures; and Mrs. Dr. Town was awarded the consolation prize, a decorated cup and saucer. Refreshments of a pleasing variety were served, and the afternoon was one of enjoyment. Those attending were: Mesdames Southard, Patterson, Weaver, Nelson, Mathias, Swahlen, Arnold, Overstreet, Renick, Cole, Ader, Smythe, Abrams, Lt. Lewis, Smyser, F. L. Joslin, Beals and Town, and Misses Hattie Joslin and Essex.

The Christian Church Convention.
The churches of Christ of the Eighth Indiana district will hold their fourth semi-annual convention at Danville on May 2, 3 and 4. The counties interested are Hendricks, Putnam, Parke, Clay, Vigo and Vermillion. Following is the program:

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON AND EVENING, MAY 2.
C. W. B. M. Session, Mrs. C. D. Creel in charge.
2:30—Appointment of committees, Reports.
2:50—The Objects of an Auxiliary to the C. W. B. M., as in Article II of the Constitution—Miss Lina Hinks, Mrs. Hadley, Mrs. A. L. Orcutt.
3:20—"How to Encourage Missionary Efforts in the Church."
3:40—"The Practical Workings of an Auxiliary"—Mrs. C. D. Creel
4:00—"The Basis for Successful Mission Work"—Mrs. Mary Acton
8:00—Sermon—S. M. Connor

THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 3.
Sunday school session, A. H. Morris in charge.
9:20—Appointment of Committees.
9:40—Reports from Sunday school. Report as to unorganized places.

10:10—"The Christian's Obligation to Teach in the Sunday School"—T. J. Legg
10:40—"Mistakes in Teaching"—M. J. Nicolson
11:10—"The Latest Thing in Sunday School Work"—S. M. Connor

THURSDAY AFTERNOON AND EVENING, MAY 3.
District missionary work, A. H. Morris in charge.

2:00—Devotional Service—F. S. Haltom
2:30—Appointment of committees. Reports from churches.

3:00—"Our Needs in State and District Work"—E. B. Scofield
3:40—"Motives for the Work"—A. J. Frank
7:30—Devotional services—U. C. Brewer
8:00—Sermon—E. B. Scofield

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 4—DISTRICT WORK.
9:30—Reports of the committees S. S. and missionary.

10:00—"How Can We Develop the Work in this District"—B. L. Allen
11:00—"Systematic Giving"—F. A. Morgan

FRIDAY AFTERNOON AND EVENING, MAY 4—Y. P. S. C. E. WORK.

2:30—Appointment of Committees, Reports of societies, what churches have no societies.

3:00—Address—W. H. Ashley.
3:25—C. E. Prayer Meeting.
3:50—Parliament of workers, led by W. H. Brown.

7:30—Reports of Committees.
8:00—C. E. Address—L. E. Murray.

High School Notice.
Members of the Greencastle high school association are hereby notified that the annual meeting for election of officers will be held in high school, Monday, April 30, at 1:30 p. m. Let every member be present. MAYNARD L. DAGGY, President.

Marriage Licenses.
George E. Thomas and Betie E. Baird; Robert W. McCammack and Hester Arnold.

South Greencastle.
Mrs. L. A. Rogers will move from Fox Ridge to the south end in a few days.

Letter List.
The following letters remain in the Greencastle postoffice uncalled for April 25:

Mrs. Isaac Albright, Wm. Perkins, Mr. Martin Nelson, Mr. Olie Steward, T. C. Henry, Mr. Shilling, Miss Maggie Gortz, Mr. Albert Stoner, Mr. William Hibbs, Mr. Charley Buis, James Ferrand, Mrs. Bettie Courte, Mr. Alva D. Buis, G. W. Brockway, Miss Preston Bias, Randolph Brown, Mr. M. N. Elliott, Rev. H. C. Shedd, Mr. William McTomy, Mr. Otis Thomas, Jure Harvey, Mrs. Hanna Anderson, Mr. John Noe Wood.

In calling for same please say "advertised." WILLIS G. NEFF, P. M.

Real Estate Transfers.
J. V. Edwards, trustee, to Juliet L. Farrow, land in Clinton tp., \$700.

Juliet L. Farrow to Sarah C. Farrow, land in Clinton tp., \$350.

Arthur Jordan to Arthur Jordan Co., land in Greencastle, \$640.

Charles B. Heath to Sarah A. Moser, land in Cloverdale tp., \$1250.

John C. Albion to Lyon & Houck, land in Greencastle tp., \$10,000.

George W. Eggers to S. W. and L. B. Bowen, land in Roachdale, \$900.

David Ader to Pamela Dawson, land in Floyd tp., \$15.

Rufus Reggie to Martha Lamas, land in Monroe tp., \$600.

Card of Thanks.
Mr. E. Tucker and family desire to return their earnest and sincere thanks to the friends and neighbors for their kindness, assistance and sympathy extended during the sickness of their son and brother, John T. Tucker. 148-1st & Son.

Keeping everlastingly advertising brings success. tf

We are Fixed for the Babies

—AT HANNA'S.—
A new lot of BABY CABS just received. We desire to close these out quick, and in order to do so will sell them at very close figures for cash or on payments. Come at once and get first choice."

UNDERTAKING

Prompt and Careful Attention given to all calls.
HANNA'S FURNITURE STORE
.....East Side.



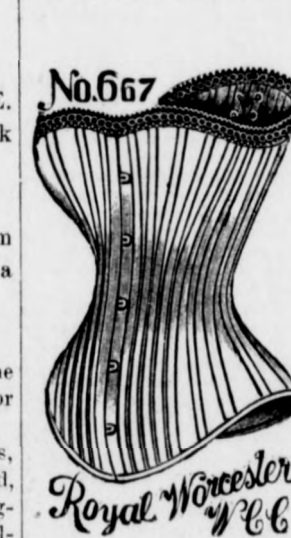
We are the sole agents for the above line of Stoves and have a full line on exhibition.

H. S. RENICK & CO.
: : : EAST SIDE. : : :

E. A. Hamilton's
Groceries are
Korrek and Klean.

Place a sample order with him and be convinced that his mammoth store is headquarters for all that is good in the EATING LINE.

E. A. HAMILTON,
SOUTHEAST CORNER OF SQUARE.



Royal Worcester
W.C.C. Corsets
(Trade Mark.)

THESE Corsets combine the highest skill known to the art of Corset making. They are fashioned on the most approved models. The above Trade Mark is printed on the inside of every Corset.

Chief among the excellencies of these Corsets are their PERFECT SHAPES, always reliable; their LIGHTNESS OF WEIGHT and great FLEXIBILITY, always comfortable; their DURABILITY, always economical;—Style, Comfort, Economy;—these are the points that commend them to the ladies. For sale by

....F. G. Gilmore.

The Weather.

The indications for this vicinity for the coming thirty-six hours are as follows as received by H. S. Renick & Co. from the official weather bureau at Indianapolis:

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 26.

Fair weather, stationary temperature. WAPPENHANS.

Not for a Moment.

We don't want our friends to think, because we are making a special sale of Hermsdorf Fast Black hosiery, the best in the world, this week, that we intend to turn our establishment into an exclusive hosiery house. We have the finest selection of Dress Goods and trimmings in the city, and an elegant line of New Carpets, Mattings, Rugs, Lace Curtains, Chenille Portiers and Draperies. Our Ladies' Wraps are the latest. Our Corset department is full of popular makes and we are far in the lead in our line of Kid Gloves, Silk Mitts, etc., in fact, everything in ladies' furnishing goods may be had at our store, and our reputation for keeping the best at the lowest prices will not suffer by comparison.

THE D. LANGDON CO.,
Dry Goods and Carpets.

Subscribe for the BANNER TIMES.

For First-Class Goods

Riley.

For Honest Weight **Riley.**

For Competition **Riley.**

For Everything **Riley.**

For Low Prices **Riley.**

Big Four Excursions.
Indianapolis May 6 and 7 return 9th, account Musical Festival, \$1.60.

Texas, La. and Ark. May 8 return limit 30 days. One half fare.

To Indianapolis May 5 account Sells Bros. show \$1.20

Very low rates to California are now in effect.

For other dates and particulars see 117-tf F. P. HUESTIS, Agt.

Excursion to Indianapolis—Vandalia Line. May 5th, good to return until May 7th, rate of \$1.45 for round trip, which fare includes ticket of admission to Sells Brothers' Great Show. For further particulars see J. S. DOWLING, Agt. 139-tf

The BANNER TIMES—10c. a week.

B. F. JOSLIN

Handles the Highest Grade Brazil Block

COAL

And the Best Pittsburgh and Anthracite. Coal yard opposite Vandalla freight office.

ELEPHANTS CARED FOR.

If you have a house for sale or rent, and it is proving an "elephant on your hands," let us look after it. We'll sell it for you, as you wish, if there's a possible customer in town. Rival that fact in your mind, then call and we'll clinch it.

J. + M. + HURLEY,

Insurance, Real Estate, and Loan.

Second Floor, First National Bank Building

CITY DIRECTORY.

CITY OFFICERS.

Mayor, Charles B. Case
Treasurer, Frank L. Landes
Clerk, James M. Hurley
Marshal, William E. Starr
Engineer, Arthur Throop
Attorney, Thomas T. Moore
Sec. Board of Health, Eugene Hawkins M. D.
1st Ward, Thomas Abrams, J. L. Randle
2nd " Geo. E. Blake, James Bridges
3rd " John Riley, John R. Miller
Street Commissioner, J. D. Cutler
Fire Chief, Geo. B. Cooper
A. Brockway,
Mrs. Mary Birch, School Trustees.
D. L. Anderson,
R. A. O'G, Superintendent of city schools.

FOREST HILL CEMETERY BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

J. S. McClary, Pres
John C. Browning, V Pres
J. K. Langdon, Sec
H. S. Renick, Treas
James Daggy, Supt
E. E. Black, A. O. Lockridge.
Meeting first Wednesday night each month at J. S. McClary's office.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F.
GREENCASTLE LODGE NO. 348.
Bruce Frazier, N. G.
L. M. Hanna, Sec
Meeting nights, every Wednesday, Hall in Jerome Allen's Block, 3rd floor.
PUTNAM LODGE NO. 45.
John A. Michael, N. G.
E. F. Chaffee, Sec
Meeting nights, every Tuesday, Hall in Central National Bank block, 3rd floor.
CASTLE CANTON NO. 30, P. M.
J. A. Michael, Capt
Charles Meikel, Sec
First and third Monday nights of each month.
GREENCASTLE ENCAMPMENT NO. 50.
John Cook, P. M.
Chas. H. Meikel, Scribe
First and third Thursdays.
D. OF R. NO. 106.
Mrs. L. H. Morrison, N. G.
D. E. Badger, Sec
Meeting nights, every 2nd and 4th Monday of each month, Hall in Central Nat. Bank building, 3rd floor.
GREENCASTLE LODGE #223 G. U. O. F. O. F.
Wm. Hartwood, N. G.
H. L. Bryan, P. S.
Meets first and third Mondays.

MASONIC.

EASTERN STAR.
Mrs. Hickson, W. M.
Mrs. Dr. Hawkins, Sec
First Wednesday night of each month.
GREENCASTLE CHAPTER R. A. M. NO. 21.
H. S. Renick, N. G.
H. S. Beals, Sec
Second Wednesday night of each month.
BLUE LODGE F. AND A. M.
Jesse Richardson, W. M.
H. S. Beals, Sec
Third Wednesday night of each month.
COMMANDERY.
W. H. H. Cullen, E. C.
J. McD. Hays, Sec
Fourth Wednesday night of each month.
ROGAN LODGE, NO. 19, F. & A. M.
H. L. Bryan, W. M.
J. W. Cain, Sec
Meets second and fourth Thursdays.
WHITE LILY CHAPTER, NO. 3, O. E. S.
Mrs. M. Florence Miles, W. M.
Mrs. M. A. Teister, Sec
Meets second and fourth Mondays.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

EAGLE LODGE NO. 16.
Wm. M. Brown, C.
H. S. Beals, Sec
Every Friday night on 3rd floor over Thos. Abrams store.
GREENCASTLE DIVISION U. R.
W. E. Starr, Capt
H. M. Smith, Sec
First Monday night of each month.
A. O. U. W.
COLLEGE CITY LODGE NO. 9.
John Denton, W. M.
A. B. Phillips, Sec
Second and 4th Thursdays of each month.
DEGREE OF HONOR.
Mrs. R. L. Higer, C. of H.
Little Black, Sec
First and third Fridays of each month. Hall on 3rd floor City Hall Block.
RED MEN.
OTOE TRIBE NO. 140.
Jacob Kiefer, Sachem
Thos. Sage, Sec
Every Monday night, Hall on 3rd floor City Hall Block.
ROYAL ARCANUM.
LOTUS COUNCIL NO. 329.
W. G. Overstreet, R.
Chas. Landes, Sec
Second and fourth Thursdays of each month. Meet in G. A. R. Hall.

KNIGHTS OF HONOR.

MYSTIC TIE LODGE, NO. 639.
W. A. Howe, Dictator
J. D. Johnson, Reporter
Every Friday night.
G. A. R.
GREENCASTLE POST NO. 11.
A. M. Maxon, C.
L. P. Chapin, Vt.
Wm. H. Burke, Q. M.
Every Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock, Hall corner Vine and Washington streets, 2nd floor.
WOMAN'S RELIEF CORPS.
Alice R. Chapin, Pres
Louise Jacobs, Sec
Meetings every second and fourth Monday at 2 p. m. G. A. R. Hall.

FIRE ALARMS.

2-1 College ave and Liberty st.
3-1 Indiana and Hanna
4-1 Jackson and Daggy.
5-1 Madison and Liberty.
6-1 Madison and Walnut.
7-1 Hanna and Crown.
8-1 Bloomington and Anderson.
9-1 Seminary and Arlington.
10-1 Washington, east of Durham.
11-1 Washington and Locust.
12-1 Howard and Crown.
13-1 Ohio and Main.
14-1 College ave and DeMotte alley.
15-1 Locust and Sycamore.
16-1 Fire out.
The police call is one tap then a pause and then follow the box number.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Geo. M. Black, Auditor
Geo. Hughes, Sheriff
Daniel P. Dunnell, Clerk
Daniel S. Hurst, Treasurer
F. M. O'Brien, Surveyor
T. W. McNeil, School Superintendent
Wm. Broadstreet, Coroner
G. W. Bence, M. D., Assessor
J. D. Hart, Sec. Board of Health
Samuel Farmer, Commissioners.
John S. Newkirk

BOLD COUNT ORSINI.

HIS OWN STORY OF ESCAPE FROM AN AUSTRIAN DUNGEON.

A Soldier and Leader in the Ranks of Young Italy, He Braved the Austrian Power and Laughed at Prison Bars. Bombs "to Free Italy."

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ORSINI came naturally to bomb throwing and the guillotine, but it is hard nevertheless not to wish that fate had been as kind in the last extremity as in occasions gone before. His life was one long adventure, his head forlorn again and again. Somehow his lucky star had set when the gendarmes tracked him to his humble lodgings after the failure of the attempt to blow Napoleon III into eternity by devices then new, but now grown horribly familiar.

Orsini was a well born Italian youth. He saw his father in chains for political reasons while he was a child in arms, and so became a well nursed revolutionist. With difficulty his ardor was repressed by a rich uncle, who was his protector, and at 25 he graduated from a university only to be arrested as a principal in the conspiracies of 1844. He was sentenced to the galleys for life, but was finally amnestied.

The next four years were spent in plotting the overthrow of Austrian power and of the pope. In the grand uprising of 1848 he was captain of a band of volunteers, fought in several battles, married and entered the Roman parliament. About that time the young patriot fell in with Mazzini, the Chief of Young Italy, and was selected by him for various dangerous missions. While thus engaged he was captured by brigands and turned over to Austria. He escaped in disguise and rejoined the patriots in Rome shortly before it fell into the hands of the French. From that time the France of Napoleon III was coupled with Austria in his undying hatred.

In 1853 Orsini was again sent on a mission to head an uprising in Lombardy and was betrayed into the hands of the gendarmes. The end was banishment, and he reached London only to learn of the loss of his wife and that his rich uncle had abandoned him. While in London he dined with Garibaldi, Mazzini, Ledru-Rollin, Kossuth and other revolutionists and was finally sent to Italy to head an uprising. He escaped capture by feigning death in the mountains and after perilous wanderings reached Genoa.

From Genoa Orsini went to Switzerland under Mazzini's orders to gather arms and recruits for a foray into Italy. The military part of the enterprise was entrusted to him, and he was seized by Swiss police upon suspicion. On the way to prison a Swiss girl aided his escape by chatting with the gendarmes and keeping their backs turned to Orsini.

Switzerland was at that time a rendezvous for political conspirators, and Orsini formed at Zurich a lasting friendship with Emma Herwegh, a woman of romantic sympathies, who thereafter played no small part in the fortunes of this restless Italian. She became the medium of his communication with the friends of Italian independence outside the distracted realm. In 1854 he passed through Italy in disguise and ventured into Austria, counseled by Kossuth and Mazzini that the Italian soldiers in the Austrian army might be induced to revolt and thereby strengthen the hands of the revolutionists. Passing through Vienna, he entered Hungary, where he was arrested and returned to Vienna. In chains he traveled from place to place and was finally lodged in a dungeon in the castle of St. Giorgio, Mantua, the strongest fortress in Italy. The story of his existence there and his wonderful escape was told by him on his arrival in London in June, 1856. The following is the narrative substantially as it appeared in the London papers:

On the 25th of March, 1855, I was sent to Mantua, doomed to die on the scaffold. On reaching Mantua we stopped in the large courtyard of the castle of St. Giorgio. On each of the four sides is a tower, and the castle is surrounded by a ditch seven or eight yards wide and six deep.

When political trials are going on, the prisoners must be jealously guarded by Austria are sent to St. Giorgio, and after the revolution of 1848 an order was sent from Vienna that the fortress should be used exclusively for political prisoners. The secret cells are in the upper story and have at the windows two rows of thick iron bars, about a yard apart (which will give an idea of the thickness of the walls) and outside the outer row is a thick grating of iron wire. The worst cells are Nos. 3 and 4. From the smaller of the two, No. 4, I escaped. The cells 2, 3 and 4 open into a corridor guarded by eight soldiers, changed every 24 hours. One sentinel stands at the door of the corridor, and the others watch the doors of the cells. At night there is a special sentinel for cells 2, 3 and 4. The keepers sleep in a room opening on the corridor, and in the daytime three of them guard and serve the prisoners. One keeper enters the cells with food and on daily and nightly visits while another guards the door with a chain. Over these is the capo custode, who sleeps in the castle and commands the guard. In the nighttime he keeps all the keys, and the keeper in order to visit the cells, must apply to him for them.

The day visits are made every two hours, the night visits at 9:30 and 1:30. Then they examine the windows, walls, etc. In the intervals



ORSINI.

of regular visits the keeper drops in at all hours, so that the poor prisoner has never a moment of quiet. From these details you can see the impossibility of escaping, even with the help of one guard. At least three would have to be in the secret, and even then false keys would be necessary, as the keys are all kept by the capo custode, and once out one would find himself in the midst of Mantua, as the only exit from the castle leads into the city. But how did I contrive to escape? By patience and a firm determination to attempt and endure anything. I contrived, by my quiet and uncomplaining conduct, to make the guards so satisfied with me that they ceased to take the

trouble to examine the bars of my windows. I had obtained six little saws of the very finest steel, but how the Austrians will never know.

The saws were procured through the agency of his old friend, Emma Herwegh, but just how they passed the Argus eyes of prison sentinels and keepers is the secret Orsini carried to his grave. With them he received a quantity of opium, and being on friendly terms with guards and keepers he managed to slip some of it into the food and drink of his jailers. The chief jailer got a dose with the rest, and all were put into a state bordering on helpless intoxication. However, Orsini didn't get the keys, and the jailers soon recovered under antidotes of coffee and brandy. The chief jailer was removed on the charge of gross drunkenness, and Orsini's privileges were brought to an end. Furthermore, the governor of the castle ordered his cell changed, and he was put into the worst in the prison.

About the end of January I was put into cell No. 4, the worst in the castle, and I almost despaired of ever being able to escape from it. The window was more than ten yards from the floor of the cell, and to work I was obliged to stand on the back of my chair. The bars were extremely thick, especially the inside ones, and the height from the window to the level of the ditch was 30 yards.

I could not work at night because the noise of the saws, though very slight, would have been heard by the sentinel, who came every five minutes to the door. I worked, therefore, in the daytime, and my ear had become so accustomed to the step of the sentinel that before he opened the door I always contrived to get down and put my chair in place, and sometimes I would be pacing back and forth and humming. I covered over the marks of my work with brick powder mixed with black wax and bread. By thus working in the intervals of the visits, in 24 days I had cut away seven of the inside bars, one outside one, and from the wall I had extracted eight bricks, which I hid in the straw of my mattress.

On the 1st of February I kept back the sheets I ought to have sent to the wash, and on March 1 I kept back the towels, which were longer than the sheets, and by cutting these into strips I was able on the 27th of March to make my cord, fastening it with sailor's knots. The 26th and 27th of March I passed in great fear of discovery, being more than usually persecuted by the attention of my sentinels, so that I could not attempt to escape. I therefore pretended to be ill and did not rise from my bed for fear they would examine my straw mattress.

At half past 9 o'clock in the evening of the 28th at the usual visit of the capo custode I pretended to be asleep, but the moment they were gone I rapidly removed the bars I had cut, fastened the cord to one of the remaining bars, hid the bars I had removed in the straw and then lay still until the visit at half past 1 o'clock. I again pretended to be asleep, and the instant they were gone I arose and proceeded to let myself down with the cord. When within about six yards of the ground, I could no longer sustain myself. I looked at the depth below me and let myself drop. A sort of a swoon came over me, and I lay for some moments quiet to recover myself. I then wandered round the castle, seeking some means to get out of the ditch, but I had no hurt myself in the fall that I could scarcely walk.

I hoped to escape from the ditch into the lake which connected with it, but the entrance to the lake was barred by a grating. I then



DOWN THE SLENDER CABLE NINETY FEET, endeavored, with the help of two nails, to scale the walls of the ditch, about 18 feet high, and had almost reached the top when the foot I had hurt failed me, and I fell back to the bottom. Fortunately the soft mud in the ditch prevented the sentinels hearing the noise.

I remained there in dread of being retaken till 5 o'clock in the morning, when the city gates were opened, and when some people went by. I called to them, saying that the night before I had fallen into the ditch when intoxicated, and begged them to help me out. Some refused, but at last some bolder ones dragged me out with difficulty, as I could scarcely help myself. My hands were cut in many places. I was very lame and covered with mud, and the mud of the ditch above the waist. In that condition I had to cross the bridge within gunshot of the castle. What happened after I must not tell.

Orsini's deliverers hid him among the reeds of a morass in the lake and at night placed him in a gig covered with straw. Thus secreted he passed the sentinels and patrols on the road and left Mantua. The people about him were patriots, the foes of Austria, and he was soon taken in relays of carriages out of Austrian territory. Many of the patriots of Lombardy exposed themselves to arrest, claiming to be the real Orsini.

"Their words that I should one day be useful to my country remain impressed upon my mind to this day," wrote he afterward, "and to prove my gratitude to the noble youths of Lombardy and to show that they were not wrong when they uttered them I have sworn to consecrate my life to Italy."

That resolution it was which brought Orsini's head to the block. He returned to England, mingled with conspirators and revolutionists, and in 1858, just two years from the time he was sawing the bars of his Austrian dungeon, he was placing in the hands of his fellow patriots in Paris bombs which they thought would be used in Italy. One evening, while the emperor was on the way to the opera, a bomb was thrown at his carriage which missed the mark and exploded among the crowd with murderous effect. Orsini was present, but he went calmly to his lodgings, where he was unwittingly betrayed by his servant, who evidently suspected the conspiracy, and learning that it had failed and arrests had been made ran to the guardhouse and cried out, "Where is my master?" Being arrested and questioned, he confessed his suspicions and Orsini's address.

At his trial Orsini said that the fall of Rome had convinced him that Napoleon would not assist Italy, and he said to himself, "That man must be killed." Again: "Napoleon is all powerful in Europe. If he falls, Italy will arise of itself."

His testimony was mainly directed to the exculpation of his fellow prisoners. "I am sorry that so many people were wounded," he said, "and if my blood could repair the misfortune I am quite ready to give it for the people. Here it is." GEORGE L. KILMER.



THE DEMAND IN GRAPES.

The Popular Grape of the Future Will Have Few Seeds and No Acidity.

It is growing more and more the fashion—and a good fashion it is—not to swallow the seeds of grapes. Appendicitis is more and more feared as a result of swallowing grape seeds. The seeds lodge in the vermiform appendix, and the almost incurable disease follows. Rural New Yorker says. That appendicitis is more common nowadays than in times past may be owing to the fact that more grapes are eaten, as production is greater and the price reduced accordingly. Be this as it may, as people learn to expectorate the seeds they will demand grapes that are not acid about the seeds. The Concord, for example, when swallowed without breaking the flesh or pulp, is to most persons an agreeable grape. But when the pulp is broken so that the seeds may be separated it is not so pleasant by a long shot. In fact, most persons, we fancy, would prefer to go without Concord rather than to eat them and reject the seeds.

It is the same with many other popular varieties, the favorite Delaware and Catawba among them. The seeds of what are called foreign grapes are not readily separated from the close grained, meaty flesh—neither is the skin easily separated from the flesh. We eat them, therefore, skins and all, grinding up the seeds more or less as may be. But we may not eat native grapes in this way. The skins are always rejected, and people, as we have said, are being educated up to rejecting the seeds. The popular, hardy grape of the future must be, therefore, one without a decided acidity of the flesh next to or about the seeds, which are generally larger than those of Vinifera.

The Geranium.

The geranium grows with all sorts of treatment, will thrive in any kind of soil and stand dry air, drought and dust. It blooms profusely through a large part of the season, and the flowers are of great beauty. But few if any plants show a greater variety of leaves and shades of color. It is but seldom troubled with insects. The scalebug and aphid will never touch it. The best soil for geraniums is rich loam, with one-quarter part sharp sand mixed with it. An inch of bits of charcoal in the bottom of the pots will allow the surplus water to run off freely, and no matter how much water you apply it will not be retained by the soil sufficiently to injure the plant. Never water a geranium until the soils looks dry on the surface. Then give enough to thoroughly saturate the soil. If you want your geraniums to give a great amount of bloom, do not give them too large pots. In large pots they will make a rank, luxuriant growth, but there will be more leaves than flowers.

A Good Gooseberry.

A good gooseberry is worth talking about. It is a delicious fruit both when yet green and to eat out of hand when ripe. It deserves far greater attention than it is now receiving. A novelty in way of gooseberries this season is the Chautauqua, of which S. A. Beach, horticulturist of the Geneva station, says in his report: "The Chautauqua gooseberry has been fruited here for several years. During this time it has been vig-



CHAUTAUQUA GOOSEBERRY.

orous and productive. The fruit is large, smooth, pale yellow, very good and sweet. Like others of its class, it sometimes mildews, but to those who take the trouble to spray we can recommend the Chautauqua as one of the best varieties yet tested on our grounds."

Mr. Roesch, who introduced this variety, advises in American Gardening the planting of the Chautauqua in the partial shade afforded by young orchards. This advice is safe to follow in planting all gooseberries. The north side of a building or a garden wall is also a good spot to plant this fruit.

In the Flower Garden.

The single and cactus dahlias make excellent plants of many colors.

The Japanese hop vine is a right rampant grower and excellent where a large space is to be covered of naked fences and the like.

The dwarf blue lobelias make an excellent border of the deepest blue.

The tall nasturtiums will be wanted for hanging baskets, window boxes and the like.

Verbena, too well known to need more than mention, are better raised from cuttings.

The new rose colored calla recently sent from Natal to Europe seems to forget itself in the northern hemisphere and bear white instead of rose colored blossoms.

The passion flower may be raised from the seed. The singular shaped flowers are highly attractive.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Prevailing Prices For Grain and Cattle on April 25.

Indianapolis.
WHEAT—52¢@54¢. CORN—39¢@40¢.
OATS—34¢@36¢.
CATTLE—Receipts light; shipments none. No quotable change.
Prime shipping and export steers, \$4.10 @4.30; good to choice shipping steers, \$3.75 @4.00; medium to good shipping steers, \$3.45@3.75; common to fair steers, \$2.50 @3.25; choice feeding steers, \$3.25@3.75; good to choice heifers, \$3.40@3.65; fair to medium heifers, \$2.30@3.30; common light heifers, \$2.35@2.75; good to choice cows, \$3.10 @3.35; fair to medium cows, \$2.60@2.85.
HOGS—Receipts 3,000 head; shipments 1,000 head. Market moderately active.
Good to choice medium and heavy, \$5.15 @5.30; mixed and heavy packing, \$5.10 @5.15; good to choice lightweights, \$5.10 @5.30; common lightweights, \$5.00 @5.10; pigs, \$4.25@5.05; roughs, \$4.00@4.80.
SHEEP—Receipts light; shipments none. Feeling stronger for good kinds.
Good to choice lambs, \$3.65@4.00; common to medium lambs, \$2.50@3.50; good to choice sheep, \$2.50@3.50; fair to medium sheep, \$2.65@3.15; common sheep, \$2.00 @2.50.

Chicago Grain and Provision.
WHEAT—May opened 58½¢, closed 58½¢. July opened 60¼¢, closed 60¼¢.
CORN—May opened 38½¢, closed 38½¢. July opened 39¢, closed 39¢.
OATS—May opened 34¢, closed 34¢. July opened 35¢, closed 35¢.
PORK—May opened \$12.37, closed \$12.50. July opened \$12.55, closed \$12.62.
LARD—May opened \$7.50, closed \$7.57. July opened \$7.15, closed \$7.17-20.
RIBS—May opened \$6.50, closed \$6.57. July opened \$6.40, closed \$6.40.
Closing cash markets: Wheat 58½¢, corn 38½¢, oats 33½¢, pork \$12.45, lard \$7.60, ribs \$6.57.

Running From Smallpox.
MADISON, Ill., April 26.—Because of the prevalence of smallpox here the management of the racetrack has decided to close up and run the remaining four days' races at the East St. Louis track.

Greece Still Quaking.
ATLANTA, Greece, April 26.—Ground rumblings continue. In this district 238 lives have already been lost by recent earthquakes and 130 persons injured.

Hope For Recovery.
SEYMOUR, Ind., April 26.—A. W. Dickinson, late general superintendent of the Missouri Pacific system, has rallied slightly and there is a chance for his recovery. His disease is paresis.

Great Confederate Reunion.
BIRMINGHAM, April 26.—There is an estimated attendance on the great confederates' reunion now being held of 20,000 persons.

Ground to Pieces.
RICHMOND, Ind., April 26.—Charles Moore was struck by a Pennsylvania train yesterday and the top of his head was ground to pieces and his legs crushed.

Tears.
There be three hundred different ways and more of weeping, but of weeping only one. And that one way the world o'er and o'er is known by all, though it is taught by none. No man is master of this ancient lore. And no man pupil. Every simpleton Can weep as well as any sage. The man Does it no better than the infant can.

The first thing all men learn is how to speak. Yet understand they not each other's speech. But tears are neither Latin nor yet Greek. Nor prose nor verse. The language that they teach Is universal. Cleopatra's cheek They decked with pearls no richer than from each Of weeping—Innumerable mourners fall Unstudied, yet correctly classical.

Tears are the oldest and the commonest Of all things upon earth, and yet how new The tale each time told by them! How un-blessed Were life's hard way without their heavenly dew! Joy borrows them from Grief. Faith trembles lest She lose them. Even Hope herself smiles through them. The rainbow they make round her as they fall, And Death, that cannot weep, sets weeping all.—Earl Lytton.

God Pity the Poor.

God pity the poor who are wearily sitting By desolate hearthstones, cold, cheerless and bare, From which the last ember's pale flicker has faded, Like hope dying out in the midst of despair; Who look on the wide world and see it a desert Where ripple no waters, no green branches wave; Who see in a future as dark as the present No rest but the deathbed, no home but the grave.

God pity the poor, for the wealthy are often As hard as the winter and cold as its snow. While fortune makes sunshine and summer around them, They care not for others nor think of their woe.

Or if from their plenty a trifle be given, So doubtfully, grudgingly, and so doled That to the receiver their "charity" seemeth More painful than hunger, more bitter than cold.

God pity the poor, for though all men are brothers, Though all say, "Our Father," not mine, when they pray, The proud ones of earth turn aside from the lowly As if they were fashioned of different clay. They see not in those who in meekness and patience

Toll—poverty, pain, without murmur endure— The image of him whose first couch was a manger, Who chose for our sakes to be homeless and poor.

God pity the poor! Give them courage and patience Their trials, temptations and troubles to brave, And pity the wealthy whose idol is fortune, For gold cannot gladden the gloom of the grave. And as this brief life, whether painful or pleasant, To one that is endless but opens the door, The heart sighs while thinking on palace and hovel— God pity the wealthy as well as the poor!

No Baby in the House.

No baby in the house, I know; 'Tis far too nice and clean; No tips by careless fingers thrown Upon the floor are seen; No finger marks are on the panes, No scratches on the chairs; No wooden men set up in rows Or marshaled off in pairs; No little stockings to be darned, All ragged at the toes; No pile of mending to be done, No pile of up of baby clothes; No little troubles to be soothed, No little hands to fold; No grimy fingers to be washed, No stories to be told; No tender kisses to be given, No nicknames—Love and Mouse; No merry frolics after tea, No baby in the house.

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